



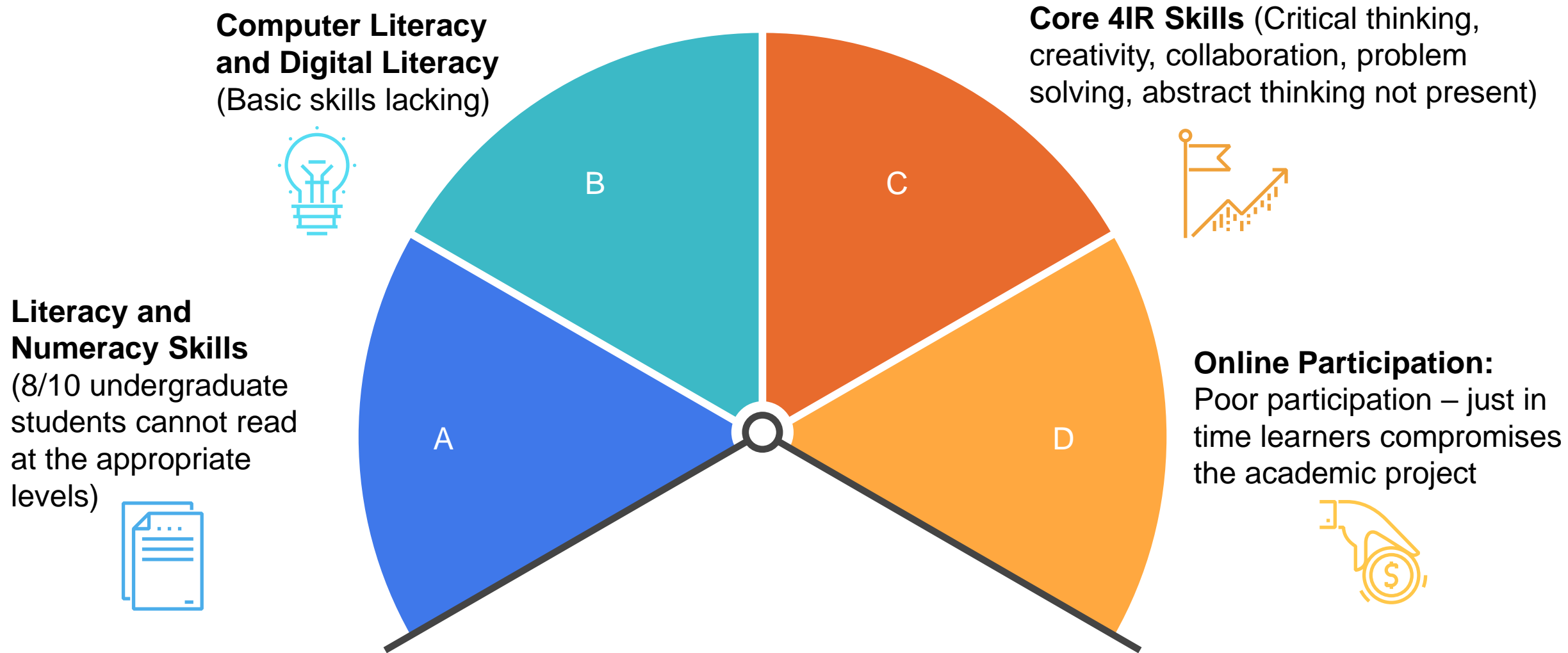
AN AFRICAN PERSPECTIVE: CONTEXTUALIZING THE CURRENT TRENDS IN GAMING FOR LEARNING

DENZIL CHETTY

Define tomorrow.

UNISA | 
university
of south africa

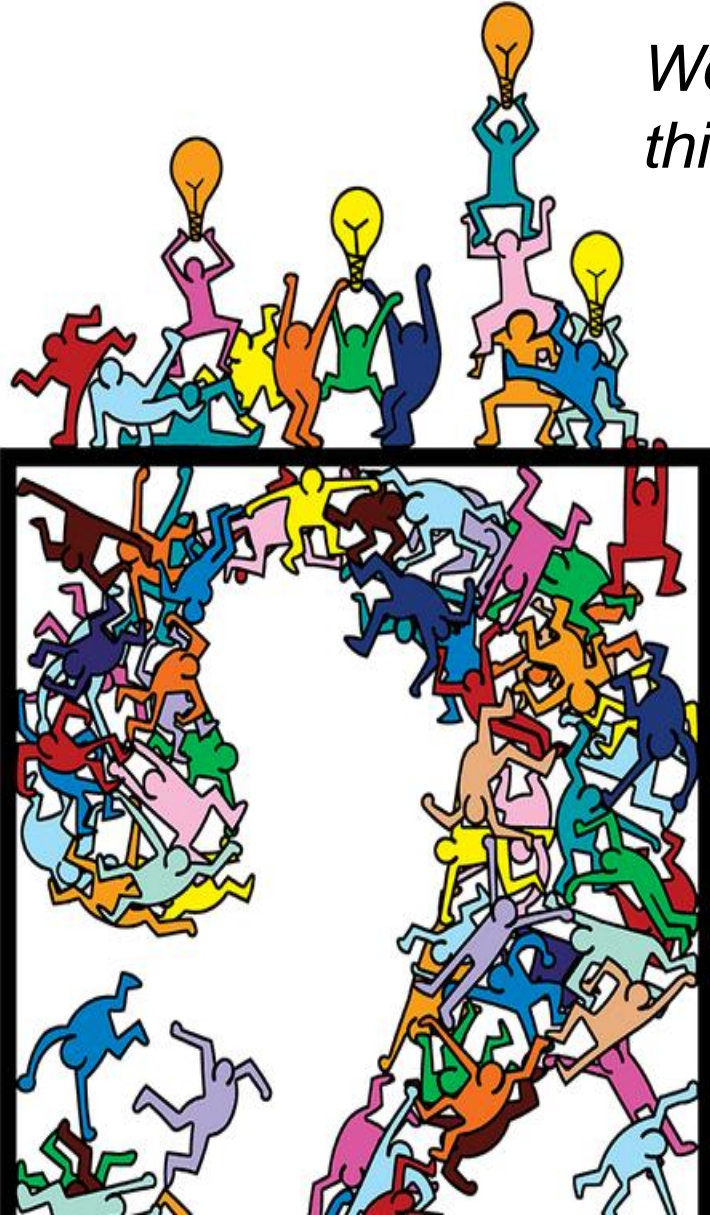
1. UNDERSTANDING THE UNISA STUDENT CONTEXT (SKILLS)



NB: Designing innovative online curriculum and not addressing these student challenges will increase the skills deficits among students and continue the perpetuation of an inadequate e-learning experience (typified as an African online experience).

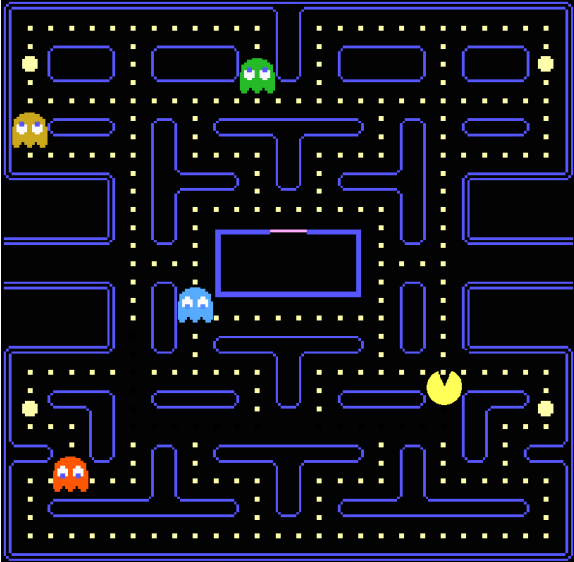
2. DESIGN THINKING FOR AN AFRICAN SOLUTION

We cannot solve the problems by using the same kind of thinking that we used when we created them.



- We need to develop the core skills for competent online learners to address the student throughput and retention.
- We do not have the space within predefined module notional study hours and shifting academic calendars to fully develop these core skills.
- Not all academics have the “*no-how*” to address these deficits.
- We need to disrupt the current student culture of “*just-in-time*” learners.
- An effective distractor must be created to attract students to develop the core skills while speaking to our own African context (challenges).

3. TOWARDS A GAMING FOR LEARNING (G4L) APPROACH



Out with the “old”



In with the “new”

- There is a growing gaming culture prevalent in our country. More young people are being exposed to gaming – challenging previous “*racial*” and “*gender*” stereotypes.
- Integration of Coding and Robotics (Basic Education) – stimulates greater passion for the gaming.
- New horizons in gaming – addressing social issues (race, gender, culture), address social mandates (violence), stimulates online collaboration and competitiveness.
- New Skills: Not just passive players, but active online players – problem solvers.
- Curriculum Integration – integrated into curriculum design to develop core 4IR skills, proponent of interdisciplinary knowledge/ subjects.

3. TOWARDS A GAMING FOR LEARNING (G4L) APPROACH

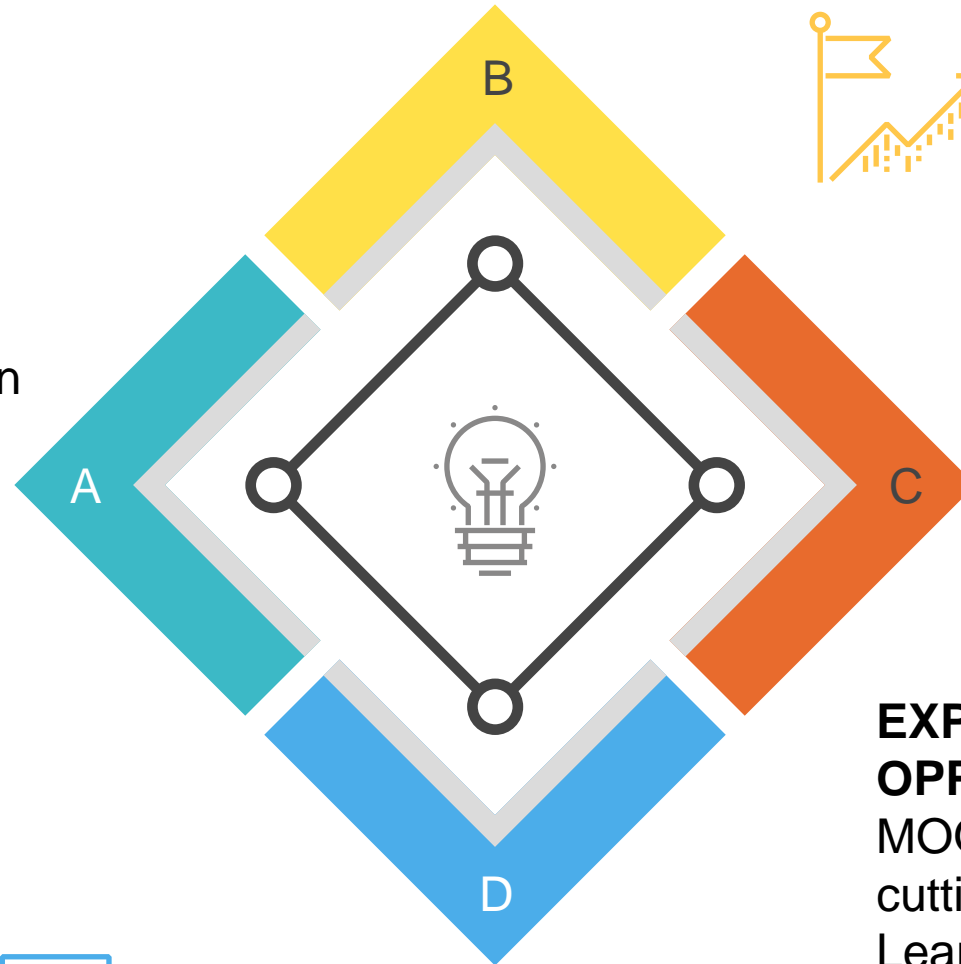
GAMING 4 LEARNING sMOOC

Current trends in Game-Based Learning and Gamification. Pedagogies for gaming for learning design. How to keep students engaged in gaming for learning.



COMMUNITY OF GAMERS

UNISA's diverse student profile will allow you to be part of a community of players across the country, continent and world. Encounter new players, new mindsets.



GAMING 4 LEARNING SKILLS

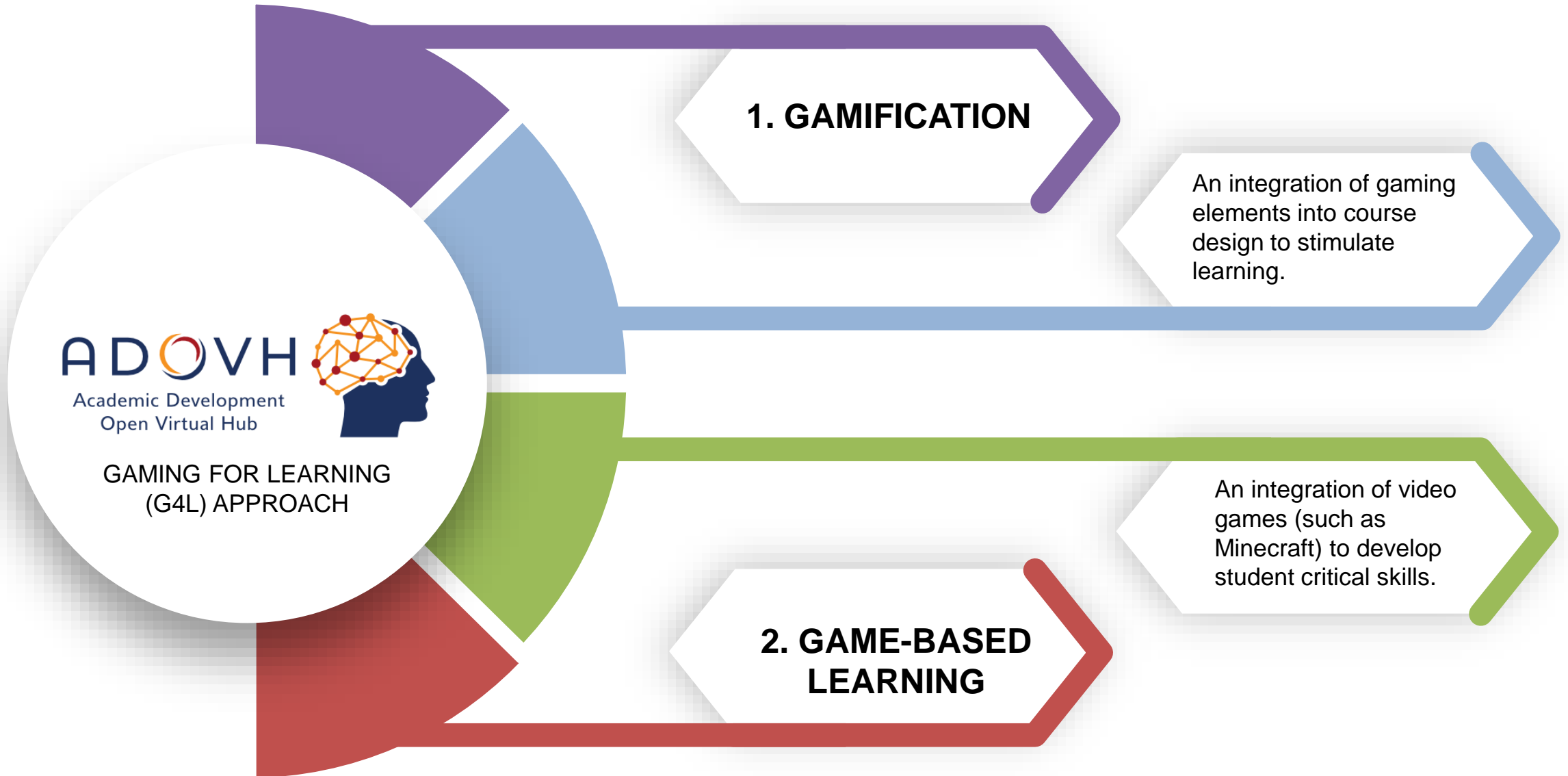
Skills needed to engage in the gaming for learning space as a student. Critical 4IR skills – graduate attributes and employability skills (future readiness).



EXPLORE NEW GAMING OPPORTUNITIES & TRENDS

MOOC that seeks to be at the cutting-edge of Gaming for Learning. Interdisciplinary knowledge and skills – transferable to studies.

3. TOWARDS A GAMING FOR LEARNING (G4L) APPROACH



4. GAMIFICATION IN E-LEARNING: DEFINITION

- **Gamification** applies elements associated with video games (game mechanics and game dynamics) in non-game applications. Games can be defined as “a form of play with goals and structure to develop problem solving and literacy skills. Good commercial games represent good learning principles that provide opportunities for gamers to engage actively and reflectively during game play.



Resource: Urh, M., G. Vukovic, E Jereb, and R. Pintar (2015). The Model for Introduction of Gamification into e-Learning in Higher Education. *Procedia – Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 197, pp. 388-397.

4. GAMIFICATION IN E-LEARNING: COMPONENTS



Game mechanics are the agents, objects, elements and their relationships in the game. They define the game as a rule-based system, specifying what there is, how everything behaves, and how players can interact with the game world. Well-known game mechanics elements are **points, levels, badges, achievements, virtual goods, leader boards, and virtual gifts.**

Game dynamics are the emergent behaviour that arises from game play, when the mechanics are put into use and aesthetics are the emotional response from the players to the game play. Some game dynamics elements are: rewards, status, competition, self expression, etc.

Gamification provides accelerated feedback, clear goals and challenging tasks. Gamification has some common elements with the behaviourist learning theory, like superiority of positive reinforcements, small step-by-step tasks, immediate feedback, and progressive challenges. The essence of gamification does not lie in **technology**, but the diverse learning environment and the system of decisions and rewards, all aimed at **increasing motivation** and reaching higher levels of engagement in the learning process.

4. GAMIFICATION IN E-LEARNING: BENEFITS



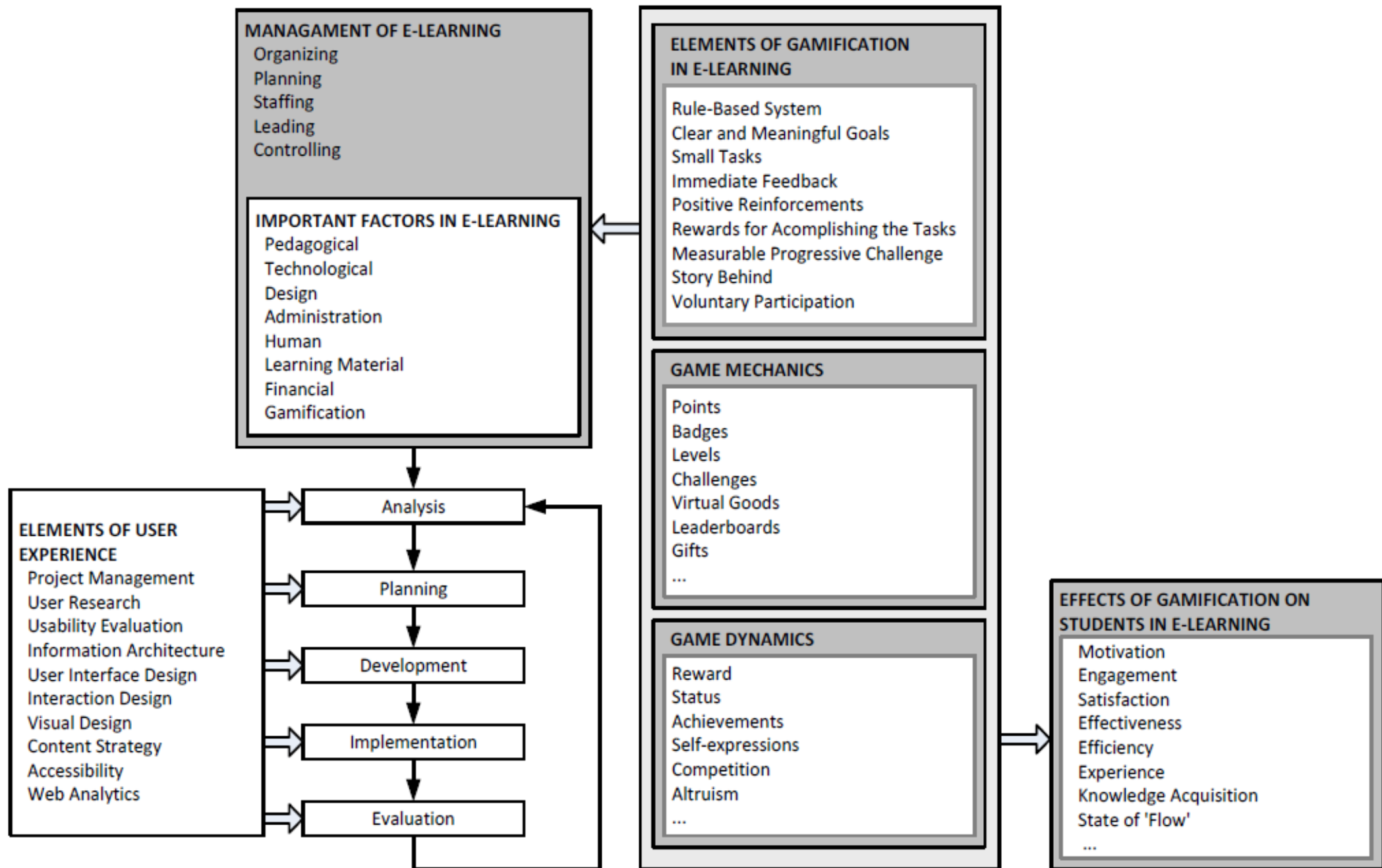
- Properly developed e-learning which uses gamification can **increase satisfaction, engagement, effectiveness and the efficiency of students, motivation and engagement of students** in e-learning can be achieved by gamification.
- Right combination of e-learning, gamification and balanced tasks and skills can lead students into the so-called **state of flow**. Csikszentmihalyi (1990) describes the flow as an **optimal experience characterized as a state of being fully focused and engaged in an activity**. According to (McGonigal, 2011), feeling of flow is triggered by **four elements** good games have in common: **goals, rules, feedback, and voluntary participation**. If the difficulty of tasks is correctly balanced, it can drive the players to a flow state which is highly motivating (Csikszentmihalyi, 2008).

4. GAMIFICATION IN E-LEARNING: BENEFITS

- Games typically allow players to restart or play again, making mistakes recoverable. This **freedom to fail** allows students to experiment without fear and increases student engagement.
- Well-designed educational games offer continuing opportunities for player improvement, massive amounts of feedback, tasks too complex for any one individual to solve alone, and environments that change in response to learners' actions.

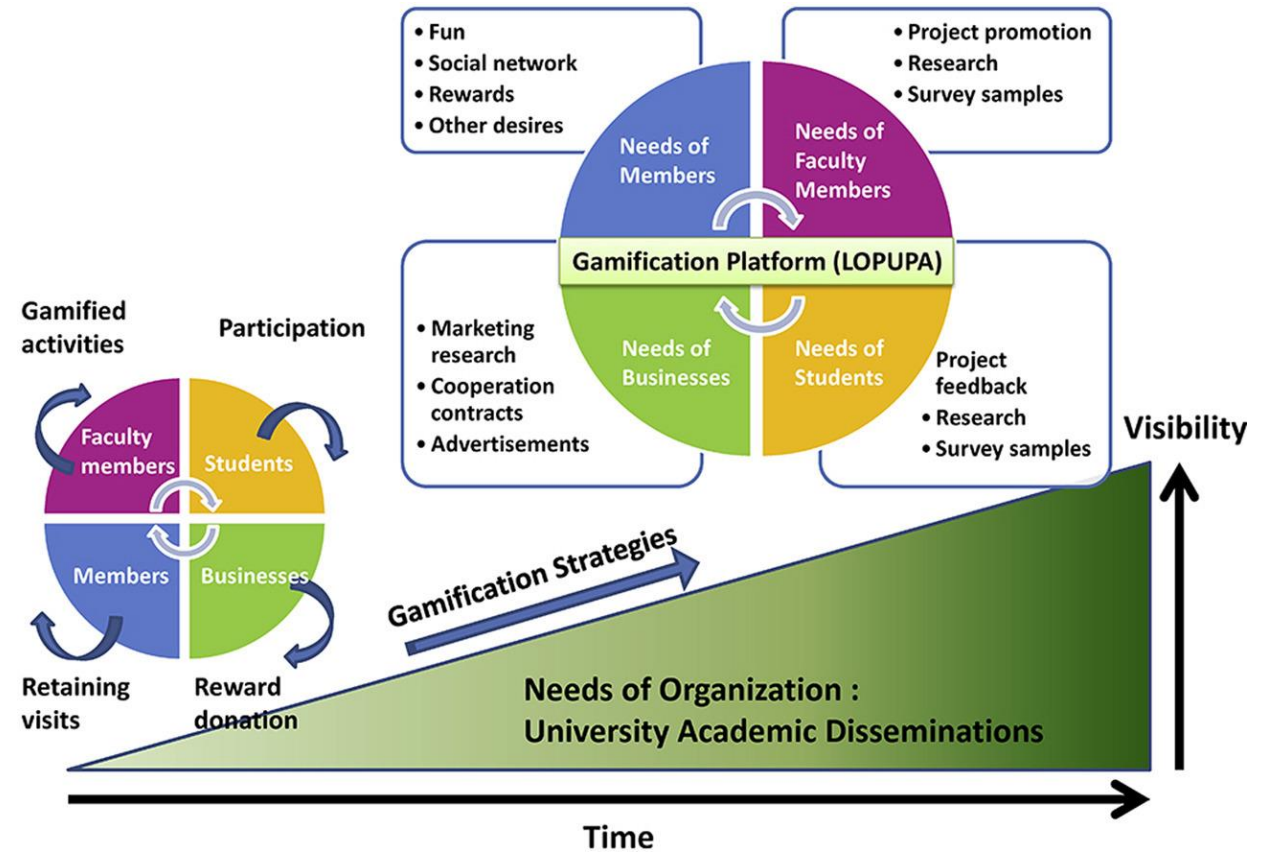
GAMIFICATION





4. GAMIFICATION IN E-LEARNING: RESEARCH AGENDA

Research into the student experience of learning in higher education has focused on: student characteristics, such as the conceptions of learning with which they enter courses; course context, such as teaching methods; learning context, such as student perceptions of the quality of teaching and quantity of work; student approaches to learning, what they do and why they approach learning in particular ways; and the quality of their learning outcomes.



Ming-Shiou Kuo, Tsung-Yen Chuang, How gamification motivates visits and engagement for online academic dissemination – An empirical study, Computers in Human Behavior.

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0747563215301011>

5. GAME-BASED LEARNING: DEFINITION

- Game-Based Learning (GBL) is a teaching strategy that incorporates video games to support learning outcomes and the development of cross-cutting skills.

<https://www.prodigygame.com/main-en/blog/game-based-learning/>

GAMIFICATION VS GAME-BASED LEARNING

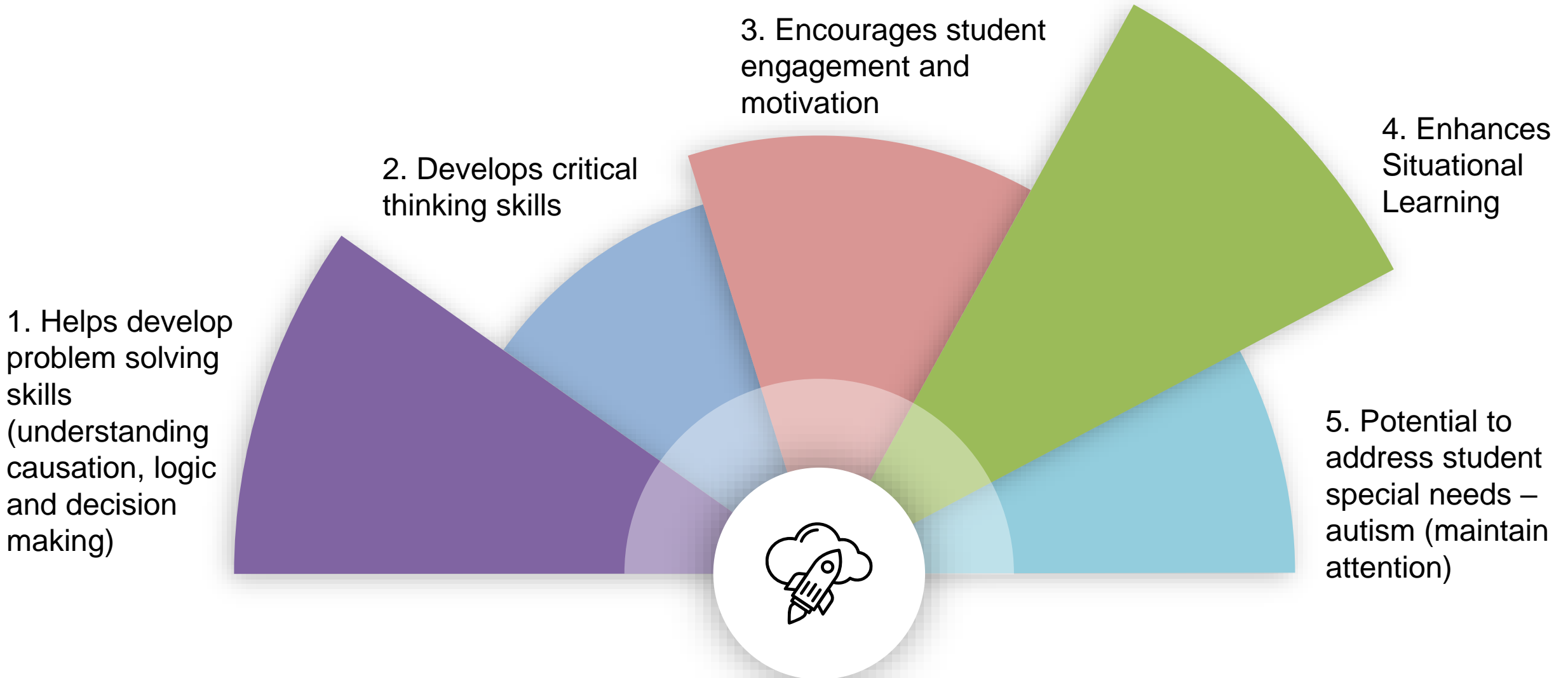


Gamification and game-based learning have become buzzwords in education. There are significant differences between the two when it comes to how they're used and how they affect students. But where does one stop and the other start? This handy infographic will help you out.

GAMIFICATION		GAME-BASED LEARNING
Gamification is adding game elements to a non-game scenario. You reward certain behaviors with benefits or by "unlocking" new features or services.		Game-based learning (GBL) flips gamification on its head. Rather than implement game-like tropes into lessons, GBL uses actual games to teach.
Adding game-like elements (badges, experience points, etc.) to a lesson		Using games (such as Minecraft) to teach specific learning objectives
Motivation: Likely extrinsically rewarding . I.E. the reward is tied to grades.		Motivation: Games are designed to be intrinsically rewarding . May also be extrinsically rewarding.
Assessment is not within the "game."		Assessment is in-game .
Game-like aspects are adjusted to fit the lesson content.		Lesson content is adjusted to fit the game.

EdSurge

5. GAME-BASED LEARNING: BENEFITS



5. GAME-BASED LEARNING: MINECRAFT FOR EDUCATION (PoC)

- UNISA ADOVH, Microsoft & RGB Gaming is hosting the first E-Tournament using Minecraft for Education.
- **Aim:** Think outside-the-box to develop digital and 4IR skills. Minecraft for Education – accessible to students at UNISA (mobile & Desktop).
- **Skills:**
 - Creativity
 - Problem-Solving
 - Digital Literacy
 - Team Focus – Online Collaborations
- **Proof of Concept (PoC):**
 - Explore how students interact with Gaming 4 Learning.
 - Develop a new culture of game-based learning.
 - Develop students' skills and coach them through the process.
 - Create a competitive learning environment.





UNISA MINECRAFT FOR EDUCATION (UM4E) E-TOURNAMENT 2022

ACADEMIC DEVELOPMENT OPEN VIRTUAL HUB (ADOVH)



GRAND MASTERS (TECHNOLOGY & STRATEGY)

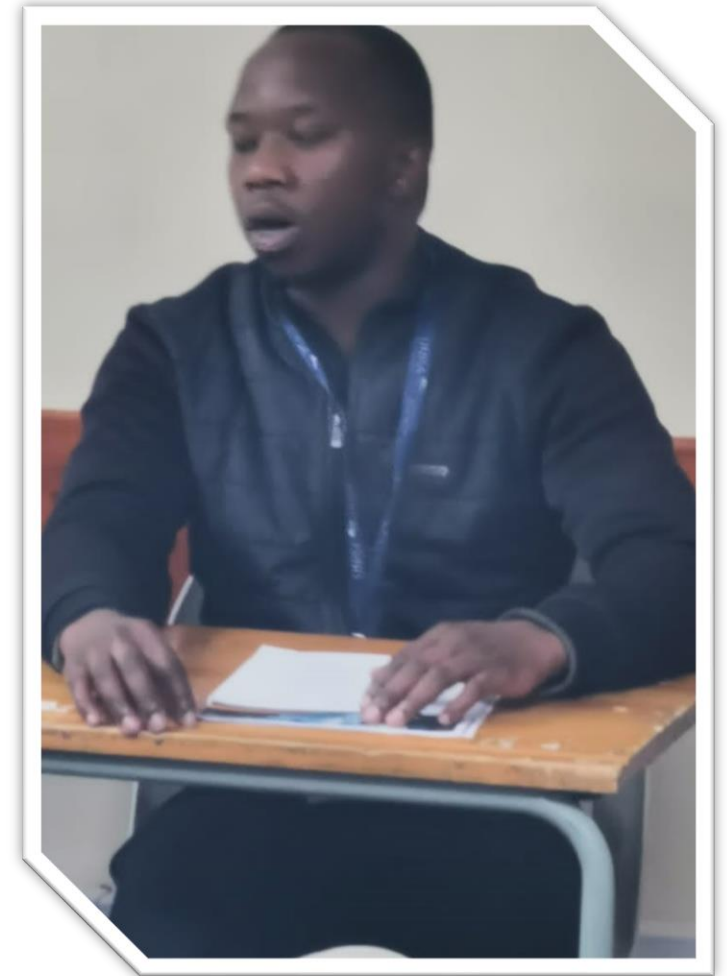
  <p>GRAND MASTER 1 (TECHNOLOGY & STRATEGY): Zuan Cambell-Wilson (RBG Gaming) zuan@rbg-gaming.co.za</p>	  <p>GRAND MASTER 2 (TECHNOLOGY): Richard Wright (UNISA/ADOVH) wrightr@unisa.ac.za</p>	  <p>GRAND MASTER 3 (TECHNOLOGY): Riaan Henning (RBG Gaming) riaan@rbg-gaming.co.za</p>	  <p>GRAND MASTER 4 (STRATEGY): Vivian Ladner (RBG Gaming) vivian@rbg-gaming.co.za</p>	  <p>GRAND MASTER 5 (STRATEGY): Beyanca Struwig (Microsoft) beyanca@microsoft.com</p>	  <p>GRAND MASTER 6 (STRATEGY): Jacob Sauer (RBG Gaming) jacob@rbg-gaming.co.za</p>	  <p>GRAND MASTER 7 (STRATEGY): Denzil Chetty (UNISA/ADOVH) chettid@unisa.ac.za</p>
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GAME MASTERS, PLAYERS & DLA/ ICT SUPPORT TEAMS

TEAM: AMANDLA (POWER)	TEAM: BHEKIZIFUNDI SWA (WATCH THE EDUCATED ONES)	TEAM: CASHILE (CONCEAL)	TEAM: DELA (BECOME WHOLE)	TEAM: ETHUKA (SURPRISE)	TEAM: FUNANI (SEARCH)	TEAM: GHAKARHI (FIERCE WARRIOR)
GAME MASTER 8	GAME MASTER 8	GAME MASTER 8	GAME MASTER 8	GAME MASTER 8	GAME MASTER 8	GAME MASTER 8
 First Rank Leader David Harpestad Harpestad@unisa.ac.za	 First Rank Leader Ramashego (Shila) Mphahlele Ramashego@unisa.ac.za	 First Rank Leader Lazarus Aron Aron@unisa.ac.za	 First Rank Leader Ingrid Marais Marais@unisa.ac.za	 First Rank Leader Salosh Govender govender@unisa.ac.za	 First Rank Leader Lucas Rampe Rampe@unisa.ac.za	 First Rank Leader Jessica Nel nel@unisa.ac.za
 Second Rank Leader Lekau Rachidi Rachidi@unisa.ac.za	 Second Rank Leader Lindiwe Mahangu mahangu@unisa.ac.za	 Second Rank Leader Vanessa Scherman scherman@unisa.ac.za	 Second Rank Leader Khanyisile Twabu Twabu@unisa.ac.za	 Second Rank Leader Pinagase (Geoffrey) Tshophe tshophe@unisa.ac.za	 Second Rank Leader Phumza Makgato-Khunu makgato@unisa.ac.za	 Second Rank Leader Pintlas Nkuna Nkuna@unisa.ac.za
INTERNATIONAL PLAYER 8	MIDLAND 8 PLAYER 8	EASTERN CAPE PLAYER 8	NORTH-EASTERN PLAYER 8	KWAZULU-NATAL PLAYER 8	GAUTENG PLAYER 8	WESTERN CAPE PLAYER 8
Assunta Chomba 36554295@mylife.unisa.ac.za Christiaan George Van Wyk 348157329@mylife.unisa.ac.za Fana Mabuteke Shole	Boipai Eugene Lekhonyane 15228271@mylife.unisa.ac.za Dali Dlophu 15539770@mylife.unisa.ac.za Edward Jamiro	Bradley Van Der Berg 67928794@mylife.unisa.ac.za Chano Botsha 69723184@mylife.unisa.ac.za Clint Raynor Morie	Desiree Matsatei Rabothata 15015288@mylife.unisa.ac.za Johannes Sekwale Kothanik 15482195@mylife.unisa.ac.za Katsie Ayanda Mala	Bethabile Ludi Thandokuhle Masikane 56024331@mylife.unisa.ac.za Brandon Panasha Chataika 14815124@mylife.unisa.ac.za	Bokang Montjane 30981323@mylife.unisa.ac.za Dillon Baloyi 67998073@mylife.unisa.ac.za Happy Chaske	A Ntlo 42015872@mylife.unisa.ac.za Andre Mathunzi Hicoria 11527048@mylife.unisa.ac.za Aphiso Ratya 11798189@mylife.unisa.ac.za

5. GAME-BASED LEARNING: MINECRAFT FOR EDUCATION (PoC)

- Opportunities for localizing content and challenges.
- Offers opportunities for students at different ages and skills levels (beginners – advanced)
- No advanced skills needed in gaming, are being developed within the e-tournament.
- We have 100 students representing different regions/ provinces and international students participating.



“Minecraft E-tournament is fun and exciting; I am learning a lot” – East London participant

6. CRITICAL OBSERVATIONS

Decolonization

Game-Based Learning: Games often designed to promote western hegemony and prejudices reinforced (ideologically). Potential to distract students from the real-lived challenges by escape into a virtual world. How do we empower local game production – build alternative worlds with Minecraft to replicate lived-realities?



**TWO
OBSERVATIONS**

Incorporation of Indigenous Knowledge (IK)

Gamification Design (GD) allows us to explore the integration of indigenous knowledge.



THANK YOU

Define tomorrow.

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